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FORM I	2T/O-139	O (Modified) U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE PATENT AND TRADEMARK OF	FICE ATTORNEY'S DOCKET NUMBER					
		RANSMITTAL LETTER TO THE UNITED STATES	01-1545					
1		DESIGNATED/ELECTED OFFICE (DO/EO/US)	U.S. APPLICATION NO (IF KNOWN, SEE 37 CFR					
		CONCERNING A FILING UNDER 35 U.S.C. 371	09/937808					
INTE		IONAL APPLICATION NO. INTERNATIONAL FILING DATE PCt/ZA00/00057 24 March 2000	PRIORITY DATE CLAIMED  26 March 1999					
	OFI	NVENTION ulding Process and Related System						
APPL	ICAN'	T(S) FOR DO/EO/US						
1) Jo	han .	Jacob Oosthuizen 2) Johnathan David Taljaard						
Appli	icant l	herewith submits to the United States Designated/Elected Office (DO/EO	/US) the following items and other information:					
1.	$\boxtimes$	This is a FIRST submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.	C. 371.					
2.		This is a SECOND or SUBSEQUENT submission of items concerning	g a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371.					
3.		This is an express request to begin national examination procedures (35 U.S.C. 371(f)). The submission must include itens (5), (6), (9) and (24) indicated below.						
4.	$\boxtimes$	The US has been elected by the expiration of 19 months from the priori	ity date (Article 31).					
	$\boxtimes$	A copy of the International Application as filed (35 U.S.C, 371 (c) (2))						
5.004 6.0007		a.  is attached hereto (required only if not communicated by the International Bureau).						
		b. 🛮 has been communicated by the International Bureau.						
W.		c.  is not required, as the application was filed in the United States Receiving Office (RO/US).						
6.		An English language translation of the International Application as filed (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2)).						
		a.  is attached hereto.						
Bari Rijki		<ul> <li>b.    has been previously submitted under 35 U.S.C. 154(d)(4).</li> </ul>						
7.	$\boxtimes$	Amendments to the claims of the International Application under PCT	Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371 (c)(3))					
161		a.   are attached hereto (required only if not communicated by the	International Bureau).					
rie .		<ul> <li>b.    have been communicated by the International Bureau.</li> </ul>						
i.		c. $\square$ have not been made; however, the time limit for making such	amendments has NOT expired.					
D		<ul> <li>d.    have not been made and will not be made.</li> </ul>						
# 8.		An English language translation of the amendments to the claims under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 37I(c)(3)).						
9		An oath or declaration of the inventor(s) (35 U.S.C. 371 (c)(4)).						
10.		An English language translation of the annexes of the International Pre Article 36 (35 U.S.C. 371 (c)(5)).	liminary Examination Report under PCT					
11.	$\boxtimes$	A copy of the International Preliminary Examination Report (PCT/IPE	A/409).					
12.	$\boxtimes$	A copy of the International Search Report (PCT/ISA/210).						
I	tems i	13 to 20 below concern document(s) or information included:						
13.		An Information Disclosure Statement under 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98.						
14.		An assignment document for recording. A separate cover sheet in com-	pliance with 37 CFR 3.28 and 3.31 is included.					
15.	$\boxtimes$	A FIRST preliminary amendment.						
16.		A SECOND or SUBSEQUENT preliminary amendment.						
17.		A substitute specification.						
18.		A change of power of attorney and/or address letter.						
19.		A computer-readable form of the sequence listing in accordance with PCT Rule 13ter.2 and 35 U.S.C. 1.821 - 1.825.						
20.		A second copy of the published international application under 35 U.S.C. 154(d)(4).						
21.		A second copy of the English language translation of the international application under 35 U.S.C. 154(d)(4).						
22.		Certificate of Mailing by Express Mail						
23.	$\boxtimes$	Other items or information:						
		Return Postcard Clean version of new Claims Patent Data Sheet						

U.S. AMPLICATION NO. HE KNOWN SEE 38CFR INTERNATIONAL A PCIZE			PPLICATION NO. .00/00057			ATTORNEY'S DOCKET NUMBER 01-1545	
24. The following fees are submitted:				Т	CALCULATIONS	PTO USE ONLY	
BASIC NATIONAL FEE ( 37 CFR 1.492 (a  Neither international preliminary examinternational search fee (37 CFR 1.445 and International Search Report not pro	ination fee (37 CFR 1.482) no (a)(2)) paid to USPTO	or	\$1000	00			
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☐ International preliminary examination and all claims satisfied provisions of P	.00 L						
	PRIATE BASIC FE			_	\$860.00		
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CLAIMS NUMBER FILED		RA	x \$18.00	-	\$0.00		
Total claims 14 - 20 Independent claims 2 - 3	/		x \$18.00 x \$80.00	$\dashv$	\$0.00		
Independent claims 2 - 3  Multiple Dependent Claims (check if application)			Λ 900.00	_	\$0.00		
	L OF ABOVE CALC	ULAT	IONS	=	\$860.00		
Applicant claims small entity status. (See reduced by 1/2.					\$0.00		
		SUB	TOTAL	= 1	\$860.00		
Processing fee of \$130.00 for furnishing the E	English translation later than (37 CFR 1.492 (f)).	□ 20	□ 30	+	\$0.00		
	TOTAL NAT	IONAL	LFEE	=	\$860.00		
Fee for recording the enclosed assignment (37 accompanied by an appropriate cover sheet (3	CFR 1.21(h)). The assignment of CFR 3.28, 3.31) (check if	ent must b	nust be icable).		\$0.00		
	TOTAL FEES			=	\$860.00		
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<ul> <li>b.  Please charge my Deposit Acc A duplicate copy of this sheet</li> </ul>		in the amount of\$860.00 to cover the above fees.					
<ul> <li>c.</li></ul>	authorized to charge any addit 13-2490 A duplicate co	ional fees py of this	which may b sheet is enclo	e requ sed.	ared, or credit any o	overpayment	
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SEND ALL CORRESPONDENCE TO:	,			1	111	<i>.</i>	
Powd C. Tuller					1 Juli	9	
MCDONNELL BOEHNEN HULBERT & BERHGOFF 300 South Wacker Drive			SIGNATURE				
Suite 3200	Paul S. Tully NAME						
Chicago, Illinois 60606 US							
			44,377		VALUE OF D		
			REGISTRATION NUMBER				
			Septemb	er 26	, 2001		
			DATE				

PATENT

# IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE (Case No. 01-1545)

In the Application of:	)	
Johan Oosthuizen, et al.	) ) Examiner: TBA	
Serial No.: U.S. Nat'l Phase of PCT/ZA00/0005	,	TD A
Filing Date: March 24, 2000	) Group Art Cint: 1	IDA
For: Pulp Mouldiing Process and Related System	)	

## PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT

Asst. Commissioner for Patents Washington, D.C. 20231

Dear Sir:

Please consider the following amendments and remarks before examination on the merits.

#### AMENDMENTS

#### In the claims:

Please cancel claims 1-19.

Please add the following new claims:

20. (New) A pulp moulding process including the steps of preparing pulp stock; forming pulp products by means of a forming die; and delivering the pulp products to a downline facility, the process being characterized in that wet pulp products are transferred from the forming die by means of a first die element of a heated transferring die-and-heated pressing tool arrangement, comprising a first die element and a second die element, having a mould cavity therebetween, simultaneously pressed and dried in the

heated transferring die-and-heated pressing tool arrangement, and transferred to the down-line facility by the second die element as pressed, dried pulp products.

- 21. (New) A pulp moulding process according to claim 20, including the step of using a heated fluid medium for providing heat in the pressing and drying step.
- (New) A pulp moulding process according to claim 21, wherein the heated fluid medium is steam.
- (New) A pulp moulding process according to claim 21, wherein the heated fluid medium is thermal oil.
- (New) A pulp moulding process according to claim 23, wherein the thermal oil is maintained at a negative gauge pressure.
- 25. (New) A tool arrangement for use in a pulp moulding process including the steps of preparing pulp stock, forming wet products by means of a forming die, transferring the wet products from the forming die by means of a first die element of a heated transferring die-and heated pressing tool arrangement comprising a first die element and a second die element, having a mould cavity therebetween, simultaneously pressed and dried in the heated transferring die-and-heated pressing tool arrangement, and transferred to the down-line facility; the tool arrangement being characterized in having a male part and a female part, at least one part being provided with a primary fluid passage for receiving a heating fluid therethrough and at least one part being

provided with at least one vent so as to allow steam generated during an in-mould pressing and drying step to escape therethrough.

- 26. (New) A heated transfer die-and-pressing tool arrangement as claimed in claim 25, characterized in that at least one of the male part and female part comprises a die element mounted on a plate, having a plenum chamber incorporating the primary fluid passage.
- 27. (New) A heated transfer die-and-pressing tool arrangement as claimed in claim 25, characterized in being provided with at least one secondary fluid passage for receiving pressurized gas, such as air, therethrough, the secondary fluid passage being orientated so as to communicate gaseously with the vent to force the pressurized gas and the steam generated during the in-mould drying step in one direction through the in-mould wet product.
- 28. (New) A heated transfer die-and-pressing tool arrangement as claimed in claim 26, characterized in being provided with at least one secondary fluid passage for receiving pressurized gas, such as air, therethrough, the secondary fluid passage being orientated so as to communicate gaseously with the vent to force the pressurized gas and the steam generated during the in-mould drying step in one direction through the in-mould wet product.
- 29. (New) A heated transfer die-and-pressing tool arrangement as claimed in claim 25, characterized by being provided with a set of secondary fluid passages and a set of vents, the set of secondary fluid passages and the set of vents being staggered relative

to each other so as to enhance the substantially uniform flow of pressurized gas through the wet product.

- 30. (New) A heated transfer die-and-pressing tool arrangement as claimed in claim 26, characterized by being provided with a set of secondary fluid passages and a set of vents, the set of secondary fluid passages and the set of vents being staggered relative to each other so as to enhance the substantially uniform flow of pressurized gas through the wet product.
- 31. A heated transfer die-and-pressing tool arrangement as claimed in claim 27, characterized by being provided with a set of secondary fluid passages and a set of vents, the set of secondary fluid passages and the set of vents being staggered relative to each other so as to enhance the substantially uniform flow of pressurized gas through the wet product.
- 32. (New) A heated transfer die-and-pressing tool arrangement as claimed in claim 28, characterized by being provided with a set of secondary fluid passages and a set of vents, the set of secondary fluid passages and the set of vents being staggered relative to each other so as to enhance the substantially uniform flow of pressurized gas through the wet product.
- 33. (New) Press drying equipment as claimed in claim 25, characterized by the heated transfer die-and-heated pressing tool arrangement being rotary so as to enable rotary transfer and drying of a wet product between a forming die and a down line facility.

#### REMARKS

The foregoing amendments merely correct formal matters and remove all multiple dependencies in order to reduce the filing fee and bring the claims into conformance with U.S. practice by removing multiple dependent claims that depend from multiple dependent claims. No new subject matter has be introduced by way of these amendments. A clean version of the new claims accompany this submission.

If there are any questions or comments regarding this Preliminary Amendment or application, the Examiner is encouraged to contact the undersigned attorney as indicated below.

Respectfully submitted,

Paul S. Tully

Registration No. 44,377

Chicago, IL 60606

McDonnell Boehnen Hulbert & Berghoff 300 South Wacker Drive

Telephone: 312-913-0001 Facsimile: 312-913-0002

Date: September 26, 2001

#### U.S. National Phase of PCT/ZA00/00026

#### Clean Version of New Claims

- 20. (New) A pulp moulding process including the steps of preparing pulp stock; forming pulp products by means of a forming die; and delivering the pulp products to a downline facility, the process being characterized in that wet pulp products are transferred from the forming die by means of a first die element of a heated transferring die-and-heated pressing tool arrangement, comprising a first die element and a second die element, having a mould cavity therebetween, simultaneously pressed and dried in the heated transferring die-and-heated pressing tool arrangement, and transferred to the down-line facility by the second die element as pressed, dried pulp products.
- (New) A pulp moulding process according to claim 20, including the step of using a heated fluid medium for providing heat in the pressing and drying step.
- (New) A pulp moulding process according to claim 21, wherein the heated fluid medium is steam.
- (New) A pulp moulding process according to claim 21, wherein the heated fluid medium is thermal oil.
- (New) A pulp moulding process according to claim 23, wherein the thermal oil is maintained at a negative gauge pressure.
- 25. (New) A tool arrangement for use in a pulp moulding process including the steps of preparing pulp stock, forming wet products by means of a forming die, transferring the

wet products from the forming die by means of a first die element of a heated transferring die-and heated pressing tool arrangement comprising a first die element and a second die element, having a mould cavity therebetween, simultaneously pressed and dried in the heated transferring die-and-heated pressing tool arrangement, and transferred to the down-line facility; the tool arrangement being characterized in having a male part and a female part, at least one part being provided with a primary fluid passage for receiving a heating fluid therethrough and at least one part being provided with at least one vent so as to allow steam generated during an in-mould pressing and drying step to escape therethrough.

- 26. (New) A heated transfer die-and-pressing tool arrangement as claimed in claim 25, characterized in that at least one of the male part and female part comprises a die element mounted on a plate, having a plenum chamber incorporating the primary fluid passage.
- 27. (New) A heated transfer die-and-pressing tool arrangement as claimed in claim 25, characterized in being provided with at least one secondary fluid passage for receiving pressurized gas, such as air, therethrough, the secondary fluid passage being orientated so as to communicate gaseously with the vent to force the pressurized gas and the steam generated during the in-mould drying step in one direction through the in-mould wet product.
- 28. (New) A heated transfer die-and-pressing tool arrangement as claimed in claim 26, characterized in being provided with at least one secondary fluid passage for receiving pressurized gas, such as air, therethrough, the secondary fluid passage being orientated so as to communicate gaseously with the vent to force the pressurized gas and the steam

generated during the in-mould drying step in one direction through the in-mould wet product.

- 29. (New) A heated transfer die-and-pressing tool arrangement as claimed in claim 25, characterized by being provided with a set of secondary fluid passages and a set of vents, the set of secondary fluid passages and the set of vents being staggered relative to each other so as to enhance the substantially uniform flow of pressurized gas through the wet product.
- 30. (New) A heated transfer die-and-pressing tool arrangement as claimed in claim 26, characterized by being provided with a set of secondary fluid passages and a set of vents, the set of secondary fluid passages and the set of vents being staggered relative to each other so as to enhance the substantially uniform flow of pressurized gas through the wet product.
- 31. A heated transfer die-and-pressing tool arrangement as claimed in claim 27, characterized by being provided with a set of secondary fluid passages and a set of vents, the set of secondary fluid passages and the set of vents being staggered relative to each other so as to enhance the substantially uniform flow of pressurized gas through the wet product.
- 32. (New) A heated transfer die-and-pressing tool arrangement as claimed in claim 28, characterized by being provided with a set of secondary fluid passages and a set of vents, the set of secondary fluid passages and the set of vents being staggered relative to each other so as to enhance the substantially uniform flow of pressurized gas through the wet product.

33. (New) Press drying equipment as claimed in claim 25, characterized by the heated transfer die-and-heated pressing tool arrangement being rotary so as to enable rotary transfer and drying of a wet product between a forming die and a down line facility.

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# PULP MOULDING PROCESS AND RELATED SYSTEM

## TECHNICAL FIELD

This invention relates to a pulp moulding process. More particularly but not exclusively, the invention relates to a pulp moulding process, a pulp moulding system, specific pulp moulding apparatus and a pulp moulded product made by such a process, system and/or apparatus.

## BACKGROUND ART

The process of pulp moulding in which pulp, typically constituted by water and raw materials such as paper, is moulded to produce products such as functional packaging materials is well known. The process traditionally incorporates the steps of pulp stock preparation, wet forming of products with forming dies, transferring of wet products with transfer dies, drying and packing of the final dry products.

Known disadvantages of the traditional pulp moulding process include relatively high capital costs, poor product quality, high energy costs and high space requirements as well as relatively high manpower requirements.

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A known improvement of the traditional pulp moulding process is the so-called "inmould drying" or "thermo-formed" process, the process endeavouring to achieve an improved quality comparable with injection moulded, thermoformed plastic products. The in-mould drying process comprises the traditional process, characterized in that it substitutes the step of conveyor drying with an in-mould drying step wherein the wet or so-called "in-mould" dried product is press dried between heated, opposed, closable pressing tools, with steam resulting from the heating being scavenged under vacuum. The incorporation of the in-mould drying step is aimed at improving poor product finish such as surface coarseness as well as dimensional inaccuracies and deformities. The poor product finish is caused primarily during the drying process, where the wet product is subjected to high temperature, high velocity air flow. In a preferred form, the in-mould drying process includes further in-mould drying in down line pressing stations. The added advantage of additional pressing stations is the speeding up of the pressing portion of the

A variation of such in-mould drying processes is found in U S Patent no. 4,088,259 in the name of John T Sutton. U S Patent No. 4,088,259 discloses apparatus for moulding an egg carton wherein a pulp egg carton is formed in a forming mould, transferred to a vacuum drying mould, and carried through several subsequent drying and finish-forming stations.

pressing and drying process.

Known disadvantages of the in-mould drying process however include relatively slower cycle times and corresponding lower product output, relatively high down time due to slower mould changing procedures, expensive tooling, an additionally required vacuum

and changing procedures, expensive tooling, an additionally required vaca system for steam scavenging and relatively larger sized moulders so as to provide for additional pressing stations and expensive pneumatic and/or hydraulic pressing system. system for steam scavenging and relatively larger sized moulders so as to provide for the

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It is accordingly an object of the invention to provide a pulp moulding process, a pulp moulding system as well as products moulded from such a process and/or system which will overcome or at least reduce the above disadvantages, or at least to provide a novel and/or relatively inexpensive, alternative pulp moulding process.

## DISCLOSURE OF INVENTION

According to a first aspect of the invention there is provided a pulp moulding process including the steps of preparing pulp stock; forming wet products by means of a forming die; transferring the wet products from the forming die by means of a heated transferring die-and-heated pressing tool arrangement for in-mould pressing and drying of the wet product; and delivering the dried products to a down line facility.

The process may include the step of using a heated fluid medium for providing heat in the pressing and drying step, the medium being preferably steam.

The process may include the step of using a heated fluid medium for providing heat in the pressing and drying step, the medium being preferably thermal oil. The thermal oil may be maintained at a negative gauge pressure.

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The process may include any one or both of the steps of forcing steam generated during the pressing and drying step in one direction through the in-mould wet product; and venting the generated steam to the atmosphere, alternatively scavenging the steam under vacuum.

The method may include any one or both of the steps of forcing heated gas, such as air, through the in-mould wet product at high pressure; and venting the steam generated during the in-mould pressing and drying step to the atmosphere, alternatively scavenging the steam under vacuum.

According to a second aspect of the invention there is provided a transfer die-and-heated pressing tool arrangement for use in a pulp moulding process as hereinbefore defined, the transfer die-and-pressing tool arrangement comprising a male part and a female part, at least one part being provided with a primary fluid passage for receiving a heating fluid therethrough and at least one part being provided with at least one vent so as to allow steam generated during an in-mould pressing and drying step to escape therethrough to the atmosphere, alternatively to a vacuum.

The heated transfer die-and-pressing tool arrangement may be characterized in that at least one of the male part and female part may comprise a die element mounted on a

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plate including a plenum chamber incorporating the primary fluid passage. The heated transfer die-and-pressing tool arrangement may be configured so as to allow the inmould pressing and drying step to take place with the plate being orientated substantially vertically.

The heated transfer die-and-pressing tool arrangement may be characterized in being provided with at least one secondary fluid passage for receiving pressurized gas, such as air, therethrough, the secondary fluid passage being orientated so as to communicate gaseously with the vent to force the pressurized gas and the steam generated during the in-mould drying step in one direction through the in-mould wet product via the vent directly to the atmosphere, alternatively to a vacuum.

The heated transfer die-and-pressing tool arrangement preferably is provided with a set of secondary fluid passages and a set of vents, the set of secondary fluid passages and the set of vents being staggered relative to each other so as to enhance the substantially uniform flow of pressurized gas through the wet product.

According to a third aspect of the invention there is provided press drying equipment for an in-mould drying, pulp moulding system, the equipment including a heated transfer die and a heated pressing tool, the heated transfer die and the heated pressing tool being

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operatively associated mechanically with each other so as to provide a heated, mechanical press therebetween in a heated transfer die-and-heated pressing tool arrangement.

The heated transfer die-and-heated pressing tool arrangement may be rotary so as to enable rotary transfer and drying of a wet product between a forming die and a down line facility.

According to a fourth aspect of the invention there is provided a method for in-mould drying of a wet product in a pulp moulding process, the method including the step of passing pre-heated gas, such as air, through an in-mould wet product so as to accelerate the drying of the product.

According to a fifth aspect of the invention there is provided a method of heating a pressing tool in a pulp moulding process, the method including the step of flowing a heating fluid through a fluid passage in a heated pressing tool.

According to a sixth aspect of the invention there is provided an in-mould drying, pulp moulding system comprising means for preparing pulp stock; a wet forming section, incorporating forming dies; and means for transferring wet product from the forming dies and press drying the wet product, the means including a heated transferring die-andpressing tool arrangement, the arrangement being substantially as hereinbefore defined.

The system may include a down line drying tunnel so as to complete drying, thus enhancing the overall cycle of the system.

According to a seventh aspect of the invention, there is provided a pulp moulded product, manufactured using pulp moulding process including the steps of preparing pulp stock; forming wet products by means of a forming die; transferring the wet products from the forming die by means of a heated transferring die-and-heated pressing tool arrangement for in-mould pressing and drying of the wet product; and delivering the dried products to a down line facility.

A preferred embodiment of the invention will now be described by means of a nonlimiting example only and with reference to the accompanying drawings.

#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS

Figure 1 is a diagrammatic layout of a traditional pulp moulding process;

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Figure 7

Figure 2 is a diagrammatic layout of an existing in-mould drying or so-called "thermoformed" pulp moulding process;

Figure 3 is a diagrammatic layout of part of an in-mould drying, pulp moulding process in accordance with the invention;

Figure 4 is a cross-section side view of existing in-mould drying equipment;

Figure 5 is a cross-section side-view of in-mould drying equipment in accordance with the invention;

Figure 6 is a cross-sectional side view of an alternative design of in-mould drying equipment in accordance with the invention; and

mould drying equipment in accordance with the invention.

is a cross-sectional side view of a second alternative design of in-

Please note that the same reference numerals are used to denote corresponding parts in the accompanying drawings.

## MODES FOR CARRYING OUT THE INVENTION

A traditional pulp moulding process as illustrated in figure 1 typically includes a pulper (1) in which weighed raw materials such as waste paper is loaded together with processed water from a white water feed tank (2) in the required dry fibre-to-water ratio and pulped. Once the required pulp is obtained, it is pumped to a stock container (3) from where it is fed on demand to a moulder (6).

The moulder (6) includes a set of forming dies (7), consisting of perforated bases over which fine mesh is fitted. During the process, vacuum is applied to the forming dies (7) or moulds while they are submerged in the pulp. During this forming process, water in the solution is drawn through the mesh, leaving behind matted fibres in the shape of the product as formed by the forming dies (7). The forming dies (7) are then removed from the pulp and engaged with transfer dies (8) or moulds. Vacuum is then applied to the transfer dies (8) while positive pressure is simultaneously applied to the forming dies (7) to transfer the product from the forming dies to the transfer dies.

The transfer dies (8) are then removed to a position (9) in which the vacuum is removed and positive pressure is applied so as to eject the wet products therefrom. A conveyor

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belt (11) then transfers the wet products through a dryer (10) in which the wet products are subjected to high velocity, high temperature air flow.

Once the dried products leave the dryer (10), they are stacked and/or stored manually or automatically as required. At this stage, the final product finish is coarse and dimensional accuracy is poor as well as product deformation exists, primarily due to the application of high velocity, high temperature air flow on the wet products during the drying process. A secondary process or so-called "after pressing" process is often incorporated, during which products are placed between two precisely machined heated moulds which are brought together under pressure for a short period during which the product is ironed into shape (not shown) so as to improve product quality.

In an effort to overcome the disadvantages of poor surface finish, dimensional inaccuracy and deformation, an in-mould drying or so-called "thermo-form" process was developed.

The in-mould drying process with reference to figure 2 substituted the steps of conveyor drying with an in-mould drying step wherein the wet product, once the forming die (7) is removed from the moulder (6), is transferred by means of the transfer die (8) to a series of pressing stations (10), each pressing station having a set of heated, opposed, closable

pressing tools (9) with means for scavenging steam resulting from heating under vacuum from the wet product. Once the product has been dried to the required degree, the dried product is ejected onto a conveyor (11) for transfer to down line facilities.

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The process typically includes a facility (12) for cooling the steam scavenged under vacuum from the wet products (9).

An in-mould drying, pulp moulding process in accordance with the invention and partially as illustrated in figure 3 includes the steps of preparing pulp stock in a pulper (not shown); forming wet products by means of forming dies (7) in a moulder (6); transferring the wet products from the forming dies by means of a heated transferring die-and-heated pressing tool arrangement generally indicated by the number 35, comprising a first die element (13) and a second die element (14), having a mould cavity therebetween, for in-mould pressing and drying of the wet products; and delivering the dried products to a conveyor belt (11) for conveyance to a storage facility (18) where the dried products are stacked by means of an automatic stacker (15).

As in the traditional type moulding process (figure 1) and the existing in-mould drying, pulp moulding process (figure 2), the in-mould drying, pulp moulding process in 20 accordance with the invention utilizes negative and positive air pressures to retain the

products in the respective dies (7), (13) and (14) and to eject the products from the dies and/or pressing moulds (14) when required.

The in-mould drying equipment in the form of the first die element (13) and the second 5 die element (14) of the heated transfer die-and-heated pressing tool arrangement is rotatable so as to enable the transfer and press drying of the wet products from the forming die (7) to the conveyor (11) as dry products.

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The first die element (13) and the second die element (14) are operatively associated mechanically with each other so as to provide a heated mechanical press therebetween, thus defining the heated transfer die-and-heated pressing tool arrangement therewith. Existing in-mould drying equipment as illustrated in figure 4 comprises a mould, having a male part (7) and a complementary female part (8), each part being heated electrically by means of electric elements (19) so as to ensure the drying of an in-mould wet product 15 (18). Male and female parts (7) and (8) are provided with air passages for scavenging steam generated during the drying process from the wet product (18) under vacuum.

Further in-mould drying equipment is disclosed in European Patent Application No. EPO 728 868 A2 in the name of Sintokogio Ltd. Comprising a pair of dies, each die being made up of a moulding member and a chamber forming member, forming between them a chamber, into which hot air is supplied. The moulding member includes a plurality of airvent through-bores transmitting the hot air to the in-mould wet product.

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in-mould drying equipment in accordance with the invention and as illustrated in figure 5 10 comprises a male part (20) and a female part (21), each part being provided with a fluid passage (22) for receiving a heated fluid therethrough for the drying of the in-mould wet product (18).

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The male part (20) is further provided with a set of vents (23) so as to allow steam generated during the in-mould drying step to escape from the wet product (18) therethrough to the atmosphere. Alternatively, the steam generated may be scavenged under vacuum.

Alternatively designed in-mould drying equipment in accordance with the invention and as illustrated in figure 6 comprises a male part (24) and a female part (25), corresponding with the elements (13) and (14) respectively, each part being provided with a primary fluid passage (22) for receiving heating fluid therethrough so as to dry the in-mould wet product (18) therebetween.

In a second, and preferred, alternative design for in-mould drying equipment, as illustrated in figure 7, both the male part (24) and the female part (25) comprise a die element (28) and (29) respectively, mounted to a plate (30) including a plenum chamber (31) incorporating the primary fluid passage. The heated transfer die-and-pressing tool arrangement is configured so as to allow the in-mould pressing and drying step to take place with the plate (30) being orientated substantially vertically.

20 The male part (24) is further provided with a set of secondary fluid passages (27) and the female part (25) is further provided with a set of vents (26), the set of secondary fluid passages and the set of vents being staggered relative to each other so as to communicate

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gaseously to allow the introduction of pressurized gas to the wet product through the secondary fluid passages and the venting of the gas together with the steam generated during the in-mould drying step in a singular direction through the wet product (18) via the vents to the atmosphere, while enhancing the substantially uniform flow of the pressurized gas through the wet product. Alternatively, the steam may be scavenged under vacuum.

The in-mould drying, pulp moulding process and related system in accordance with the invention thus provide a pulp moulded product with relatively good quality finish and high dimensional accuracy without deformation in a more energy efficient process in a relatively small area, requiring relatively less manpower and relatively less tooling.

It will be appreciated that may variations in detail are possible without departing from the scope and/or spirit of the invention as claimed in the claims hereafter.

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## CLAIMS

- 1. A pulp moulding process including the steps of preparing pulp stock; forming pulp products by means of a forming die; and delivering the pulp products to a down-line facility, the process being characterized in that wet pulp products are transferred from the forming die by means of a first die element of a heated transferring die-and-heated pressing tool arrangement, comprising a first die element and a second die element, having a mould cavity therebetween, simultaneously pressed and dried in the heated transferring die-and-heated pressing tool arrangement, and transferred to the down-line facility by the second die element as pressed, dried pulp products.
- 2. A pulp moulding process according to claim 1, including the step of using a heated fluid medium for providing heat in the pressing and drying step.
- A pulp moulding process according to claim 2, wherein the heated fluid medium is steam.
- A pulp moulding process according to claim 2, wherein the heated fluid medium is
   thermal oil.

maintained at a negative gauge pressure.

A pulp moulding process according to claim 4, wherein the thermal oil is

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- 6. A pulp moulding process according to any of the preceding claims, including at least one of the steps of forcing steam generated during the pressing and drying step in one direction through the in-mould wet product; and venting the generated steam to the atmosphere.
- 7. A pulp moulding process according to any of claims 1 4, including at least one of the steps of forcing steam generated during the pressing and drying step in one direction through the in-mould wet product; and scavenging the steam under vacuum.
- 8. A pulp moulding process according to any of the preceding claims, including at least one of the steps of forcing heated gas, such as air, through the in-mould wet product at high pressure; and venting the steam generated during the in-mould pressing and drying step to the atmosphere.

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9. A pulp moulding process recording to any of claims 1 - 7, including at least one of the steps of forcing heated gas, such as air, through the in-mould wet product at high pressure; and scavenging the steam generated during the in-mould pressing and drying step under vacuum. 10.

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- A tool arrangement for use in a pulp moulding process including the steps of preparing pulp stock, forming wet products by means of a forming die, transferring the wet products from the forming die by means of a first die element of a heated transferring die-and heated pressing tool arrangement comprising a first die element and a second die element, having a mould cavity therebetween, simultaneously pressed and dried in the heated transferring die-and-heated pressing tool arrangement, and transferred to the down-line facility; the tool arrangement being characterised in having a male part and a female part, at least one part being provided with a primary fluid passage for receiving a heating fluid therethrough and at least one part being provided with at least one vent so as to allow steam generated during an in-mould pressing and drying step to escape therethrough.
- 15 11. A heated transfer die-and-pressing tool arrangement as claimed in claim 10, characterized in that at least one of the male part and female part comprises a die element mounted on a plate, having a plenum chamber incorporating the primary fluid passage.
- 20 12. A heated transfer die-and-pressing tool arrangement as claimed in 10 or 11, characterized in being provided with at least one secondary fluid passage for

receiving pressurized gas, such as air, therethrough, the secondary fluid passage being orientated so as to communicate gaseously with the vent to force the

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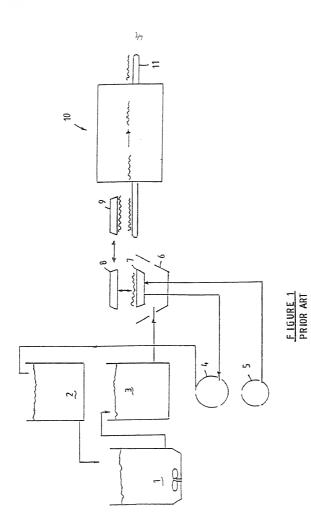
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14.

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pressurized gas and the steam generated during the in-mould drying step in one direction through the in-mould wet product.

- 13. A heated transfer die-and-pressing tool arrangement as claimed in any of claims 10
  - 12, characterized by being provided with a set of secondary fluid passages and a set of vents, the set of secondary fluid passages and the set of vents being staggered relative to each other so as to enhance the substantially uniform flow of pressurized gas through the wet product.
  - Press drying equipment as claimed in claim 10, characterized by the heated transfer die-and-heated pressing tool arrangement being rotary so as to enable rotary transfer and drying of a wet product between a forming die and a down line facility.



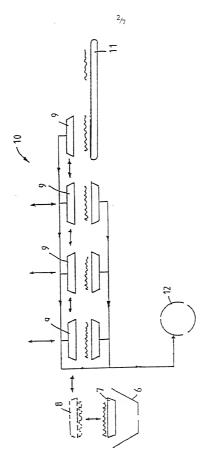


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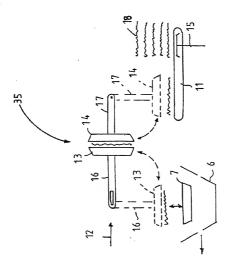
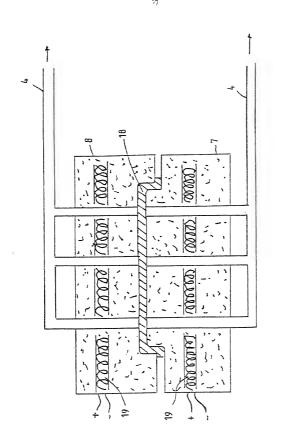


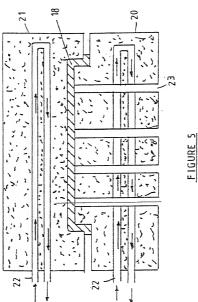
FIGURE 3

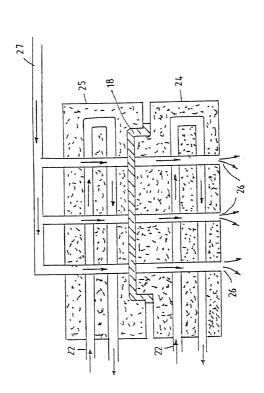
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FIGURE 6

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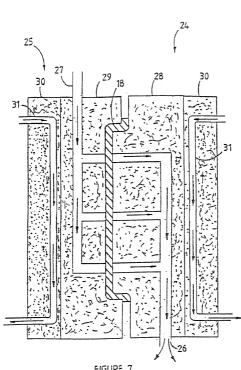


FIGURE 7

### DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY FOR PATENT APPLICATION

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name.

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled:

#### PULP MOULDING PROCESS AND RELATED SYSTEM

the specification of which was filed on September 26, 2001 as United States Application Serial No. 09/937,808.

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to patentability as defined in 37 CFR § 1.56.

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or § 365(b) of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate, or § 365(a) of any PCT international application which designated at least one country other than the United States, listed below and have also identified below, by checking the box, any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate, or PCT international application having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed.

Prior Foreign Application(s):

 Number
 Country
 Day/Month/Year Filed

 1.
 99/2351
 South Africa
 26 March 1999

 2.
 PCT/ZA00/00057
 PCT
 24 March 2000

I hereby appoint the practitioners associated with the Customer Number provided below to prosecute this application and to transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith, and I direct that all correspondence he addressed to that Customer Number.

Customer Number: 020306

Principal attorney or agent: Paul S. Tully Telephone number: 312-913-0001

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are pumshable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

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